

# How To Create, Manage And Remember A **Hacker-Proof** Password





# How To Create, Manage And Remember A Hacker-Proof Password

Creating and remembering hacker-proof passwords is essential for protecting your online accounts and personal information. Here's a simple guide to help you generate strong passwords and keep them secure:

**1**

## **Use Long Passwords**

- Aim for a minimum of 12 characters; longer is better.
- Longer passwords are exponentially more difficult for hackers to crack.

**2**

## **Mix Characters**

- Include a combination of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, numbers, and special symbols (e.g., !, @, #, \$, %).

**3**

## **Avoid Common Words And Phrases**

- Don't use easily guessable information like "password," "123456," or common phrases like "letmein."
- Avoid using easily discoverable personal information like your name, birthdate, or family members' names.

**4**

## **Create Randomness**

- Generate random sequences of characters.
- Avoid patterns or easily guessable sequences (e.g., "abcd1234" or "qwerty").

## 5

### **Use Passphrases**

- Consider using a passphrase, which is a combination of random words.
- Make it long and include special characters for added complexity.

## 6

### **Avoid Dictionary Words**

- Don't use complete words found in dictionaries, as hackers use dictionary attacks.

## 7

### **Unique For Each Account**

- Use a different password for each online account.
- This prevents a security breach on one site from compromising your other accounts.

## 8

### **Password Managers**

- Use a reputable password manager to generate, store, and autofill complex passwords.
- Password managers help you remember strong, unique passwords for each site.

## 9

### **Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)**

- Enable 2FA wherever possible.
- Even if someone gets your password, they won't be able to access your account without the second factor (e.g., a one-time code from an app or SMS).

## 10

### **Regularly Update Passwords**

- Change your passwords periodically, especially for critical accounts like email and banking.
- Update passwords immediately if you suspect a breach.

## 11

### Security Questions

- Be cautious with security questions. Avoid using easily discoverable answers that can be found online.

## 12

### Test Your Passwords

- Some websites offer password strength checkers during the account creation process. Use them to gauge password strength.

## 13

### Secure Password Recovery

- Ensure your password recovery options are secure. Don't use easily guessable information.

## 14

### Be Wary Of Phishing

- Avoid clicking on suspicious links or providing your password on unverified websites.
- Double-check the website's URL before entering your password.

## 15

### Education And Vigilance

- Stay informed about current security threats and best practices.
- Be vigilant and cautious online.

**Remember** that no password is entirely hacker-proof, but by following these guidelines, you can *significantly* increase the security of your online accounts. Additionally, using a password manager can make it **easier** to maintain strong, unique passwords for **ALL** your accounts without the need to remember them all.